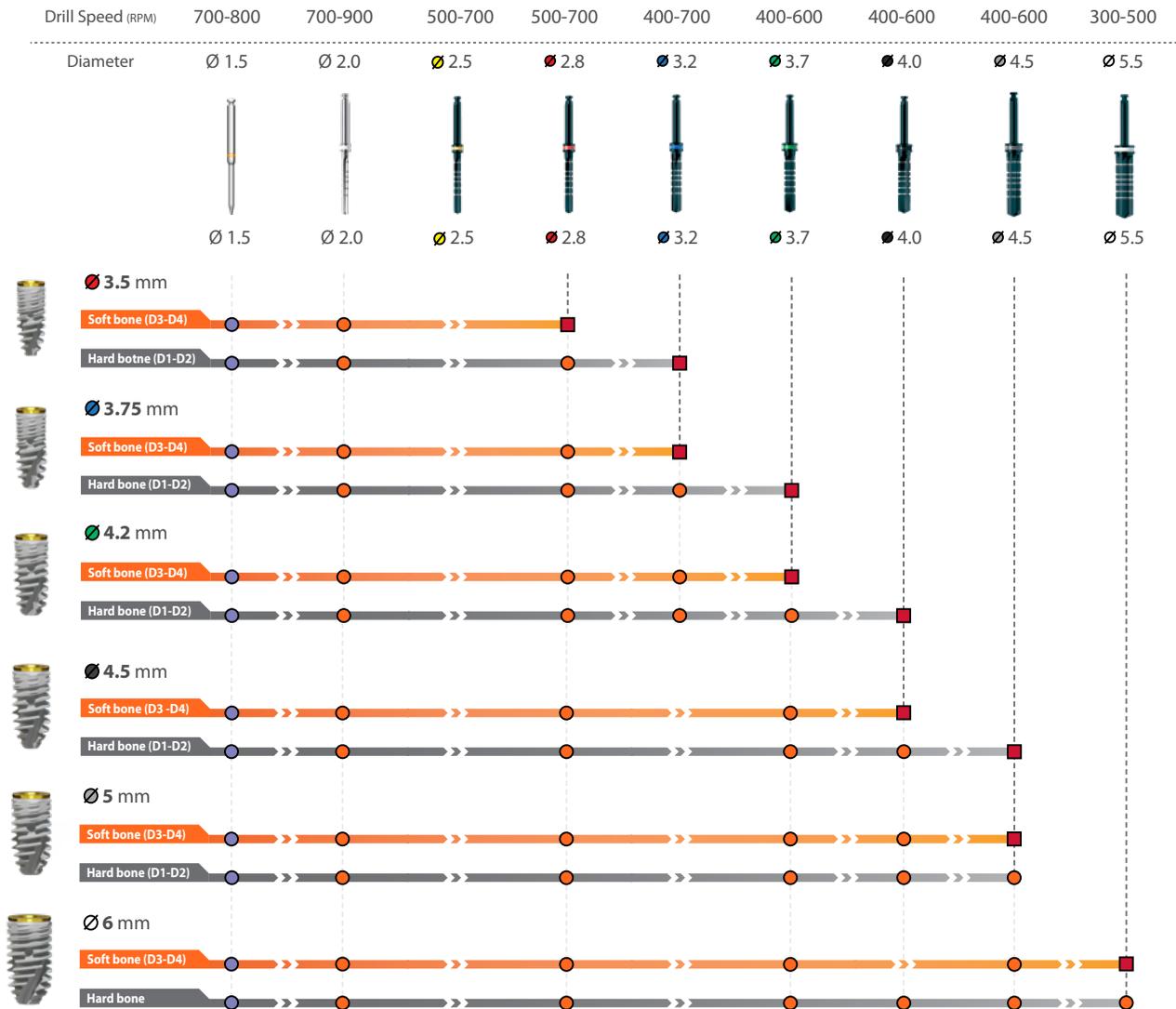


SGS DENTAL  
**DRILLING  
PROTOCOLS**

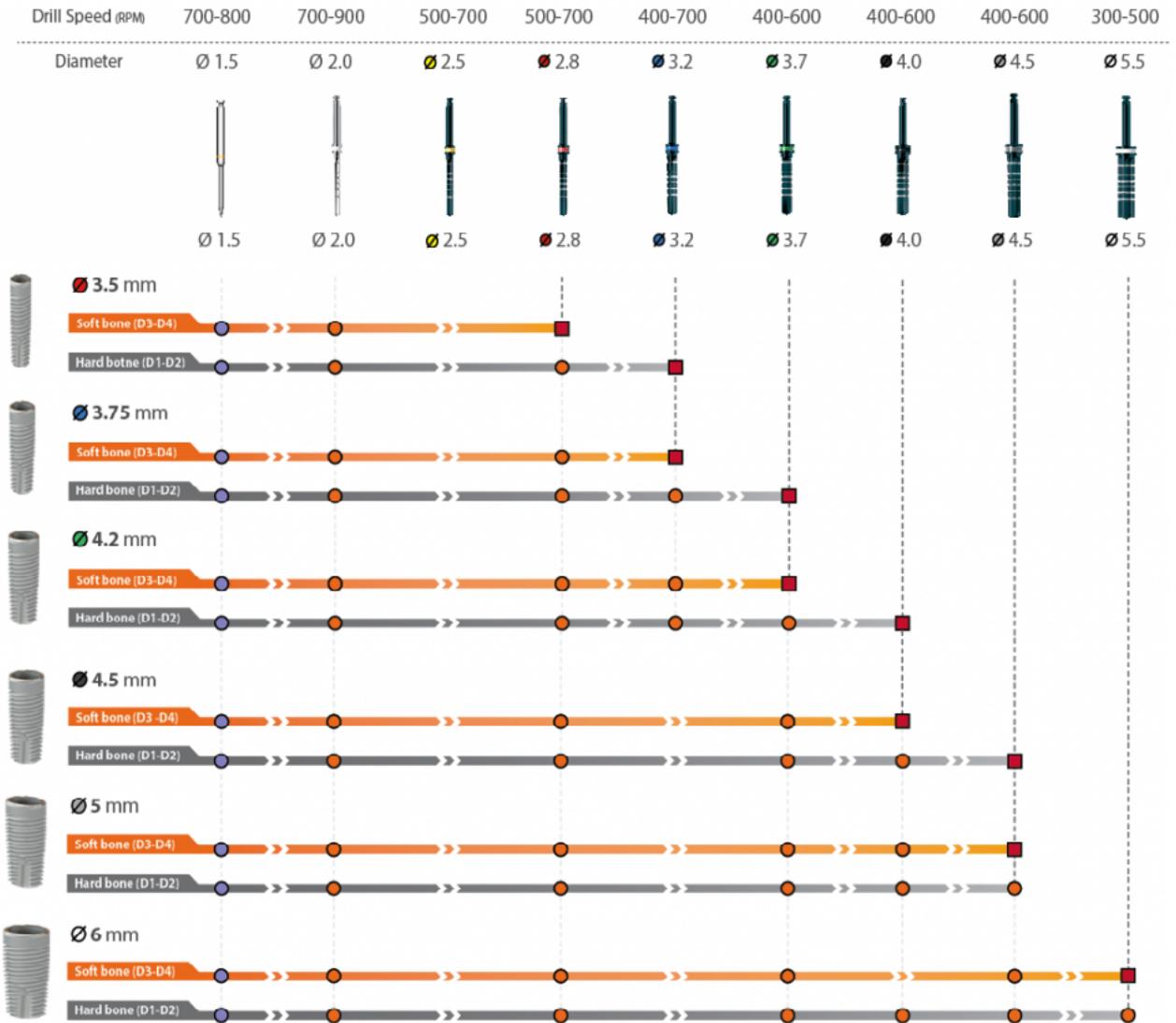
## Drilling Protocol for P5D Dental Implants



- Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark
- Throughout entire implant's length
- Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.  
If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!

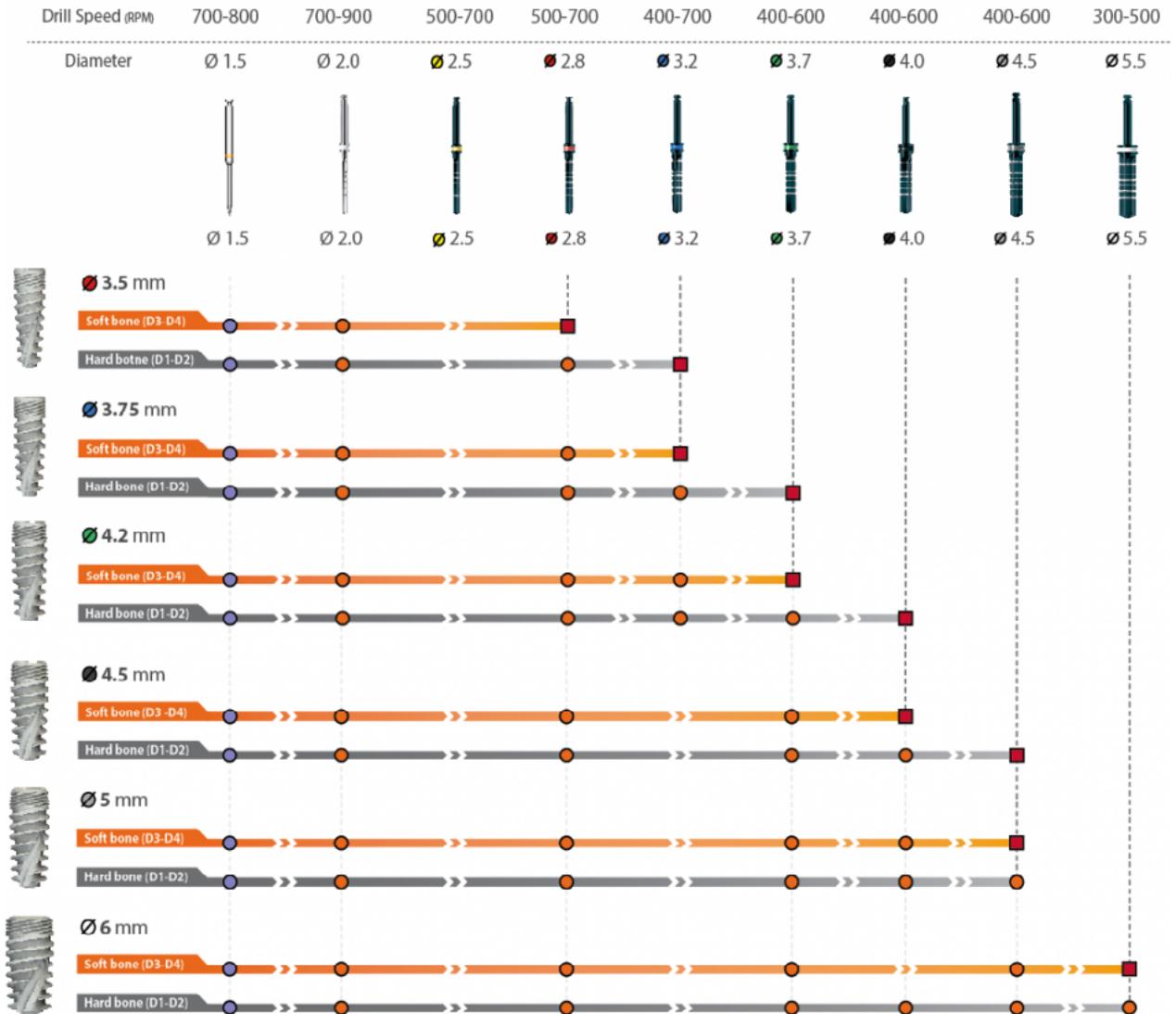
## Drilling Protocol for P1D Dental Implants



-  Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark
-  Throughout entire implant's length
-  Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.  
If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!

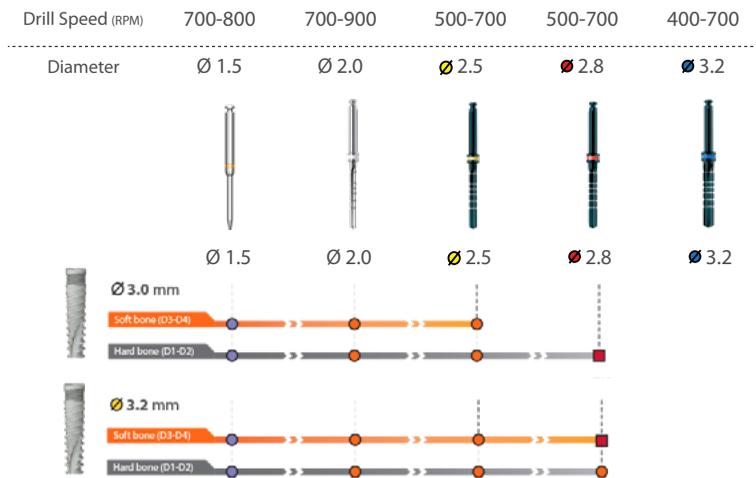
## Drilling Protocol for P7D Dental Implants



-  Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark
-  Throughout entire implant's length
-  Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.  
If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!

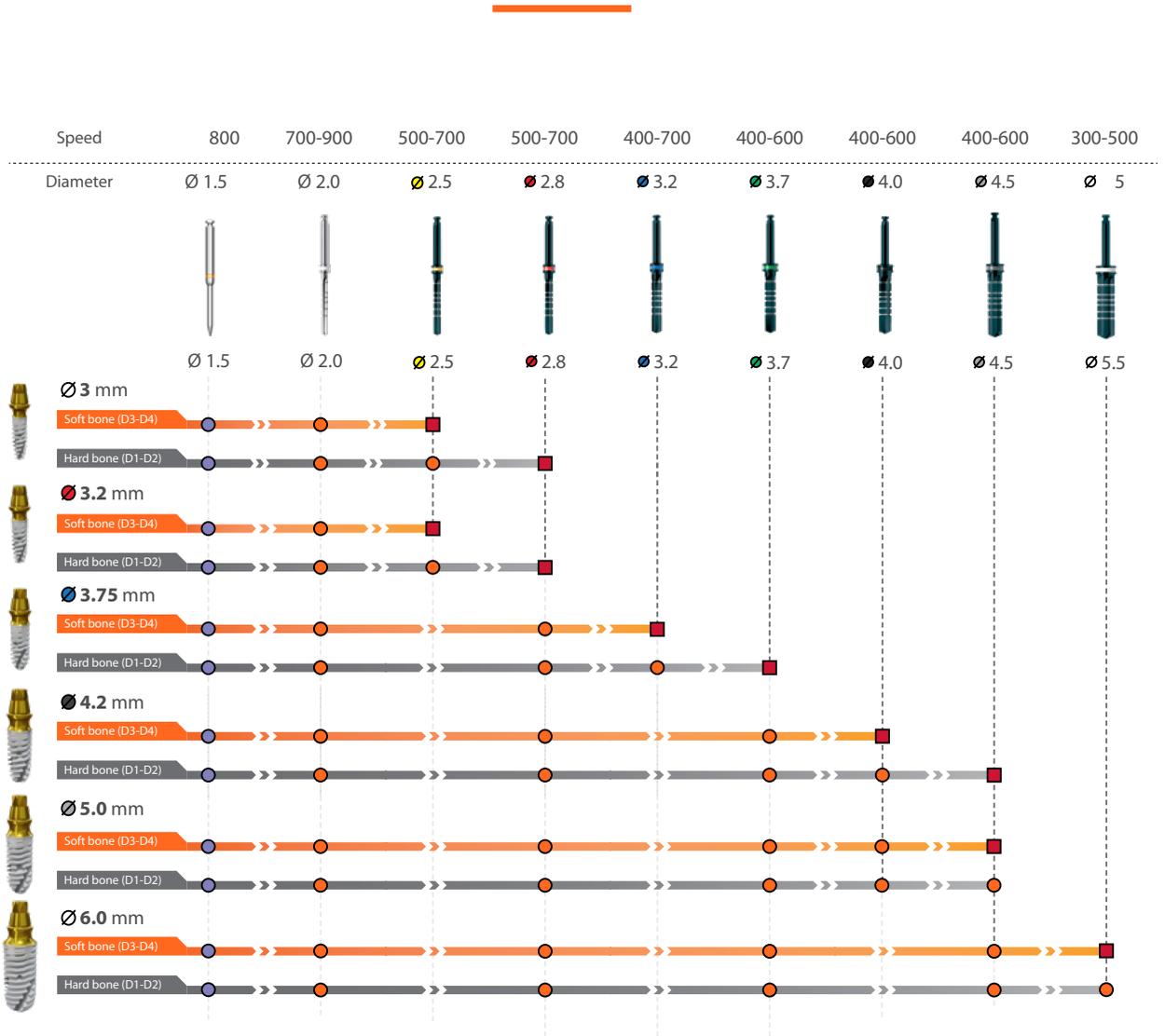
## Drilling Protocol for P7N Dental Implants



-  Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark
-  Throughout entire implant's length
-  Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.  
If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!

## Drilling Protocol for P7S Dental Implants



- Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark
- Throughout entire implant's length
- Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.  
If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!

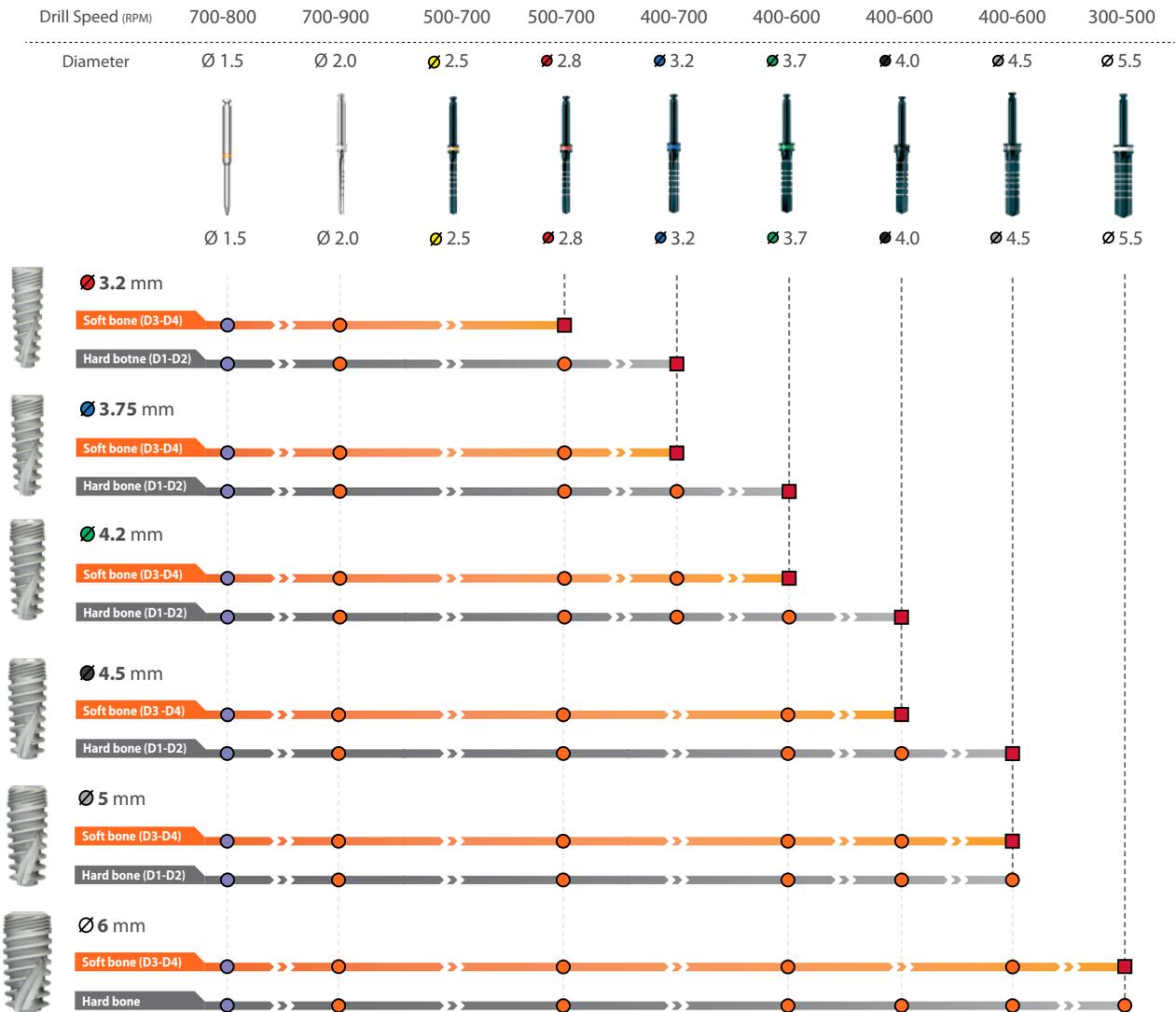
## Drilling Protocol for P9S Dental Implants



- Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark
- Throughout entire implant's length
- Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.  
If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!

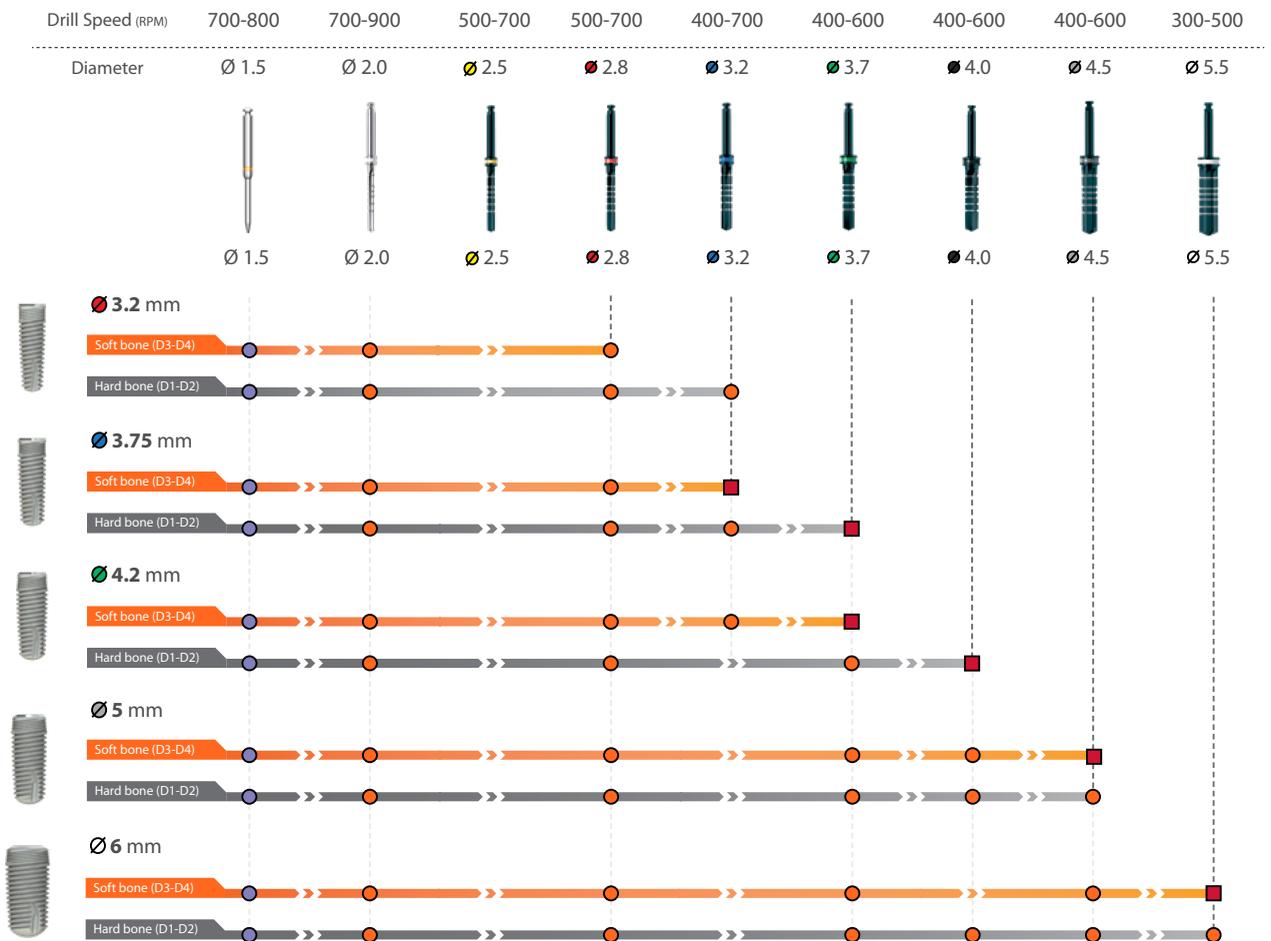
## Drilling Protocol for P7 Dental Implants



-  Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark
-  Throughout entire implant's length
-  Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.  
If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!

## Drilling Protocol for P1 Dental Implants



● Marker drill - to be used to make only a mark

● Throughout entire implant's length

■ Drill only through the cortical bone, should not be used to full depth.

If the cortical bone is hard (D1), you may use this drill as a countersink.

An additional 0,8 - 1,0 mm must be added to the length of the drill to account for the angled cutting up.  
Procedure recommended by SGS cannot replace the judgment and the experience of the surgeon!